Weed Management





Peter H. Sikkema University of Guelph Ridgetown Campus

- Dry beans are more sensitive to herbicides than soybeans
- 2. Market classes respond differently to herbicides
- 3. Weed management programs need to be developed by market class



Treflan + Pursuit; Lorox

- Three groups of dry beans in respect to weed management
 - a. Small seeded beans
 - i. White & black beans
 - b. Large seeded beans
 - i. Kidney & cranberry beans
 - c. Adzuki beans



Treflan (500 mL/ac) + Pursuit (75 mL/ac)

Question #1

There are 4 soil applied grass herbicides (Dual, Eptam, Frontier and Treflan). Which one should I use?



Ragweed escapes with Treflan



Ragweed escapes with Frontier

Annual Grass Control (Cost/Acre)

Treatment	Low Rate	High Rate
	\$/Acre	\$/Acre
Treflan	8	15
Dual II Magnum	19	28
Frontier Max	20	25
Eptam	31	40

- 1. Treflan is the lowest cost
- 2. Dual & Frontier are intermediate in price
- 3. Eptam is the most expensive

Treflan, Rival and Bonanza

- Apply PPI
- 2. Excellent crop tolerance
 - a. Only registered on black, kidney and white beans
- 3. Excellent full season annual grass control
 - Good control of sandbur
- 4. Control/suppression of annual broadleaf weeds
 - a. Lamb's-quarters
 - b. Pigweed
- 5. Pursuit tankmix for white beans



Treflan + Pursuit

Treflan, Prowl and Sonalan

Injury

- 1. Injury <u>rarely</u> occurs in dry beans
- Injury is more likely when the crop emerges slowly
- 3. Injury may occur on light textured soils that are low in organic matter (adjust herbicide rate)
- 4. Clubby swollen roots
- 5. Hypocotyl swelling and cracking
- 6. Stunted growth



Adzuki bean - Check





Adzuki bean - Treflan

Eptam

- 1. Apply PPI
- 2. Good crop tolerance
 - a. Registered on black, brown, cranberry, kidney, pinto, yellow eye and white beans
 - b. Not registered on otebo and SRM beans
 - c. Not registered on adzuki beans
- 3. Good annual grass control
 - a. Short residual activity
- 4. Suppression of ...
 - a. Small seeded broadleaf weeds
 - b. Quack grass
 - c. Nutsedge
- 5. Treflan tankmix for improved grass control and broadleaf weed suppression
 - a. White & kidney only



Eptam + Treflan (PPI): Basagran + Raptor (POST)

Eptam

Injury

- 1. Injury rarely occurs in dry beans
 - a. Do not use on adzuki beans
- 2. Injury is greater ...
 - a. When the crop emerges slowly
 - b. Under dry conditions
 - Delay planting 7-10 days
- 3. Injury symptoms include ...
 - a. Crinkled and malformed leaves
 - b. Stunted and necrotic growing point
 - c. Bud-seal



Adzuki bean - Check





Adzuki bean - Eptam

Dual and Frontier

- Apply PPI or PRE
- 2. Fair crop tolerance
 - a. Registered on all market classes of dry beans
 - b. Not registered on adzuki beans
- 3. Excellent control of specific annual grasses
 - Weak on fall panicum, proso millet and sandbur
- 4. Some control/suppression of broadleaf weeds
 - a. Eastern black nightshade and pigweed
 - b. Frontier provides greater broadleaf weed suppression
- 5. Dual is more consistent on yellow nutsedge
- 6. Pursuit tankmix (PPI or PRE)



Frontier



Frontier + Pursuit

Dual and Frontier

Injury Symptoms

- Marginal chlorosis of the unifoliates followed by necrosis
- 2. Unifoliates may be completely burnt off
- 3. Leaf distortion (crinkling) of the first trifoliate
- 4. Delay in plant development



Frontier Injury

Dual injury symptoms















Frontier injury symptoms in white beans

Dual and Frontier

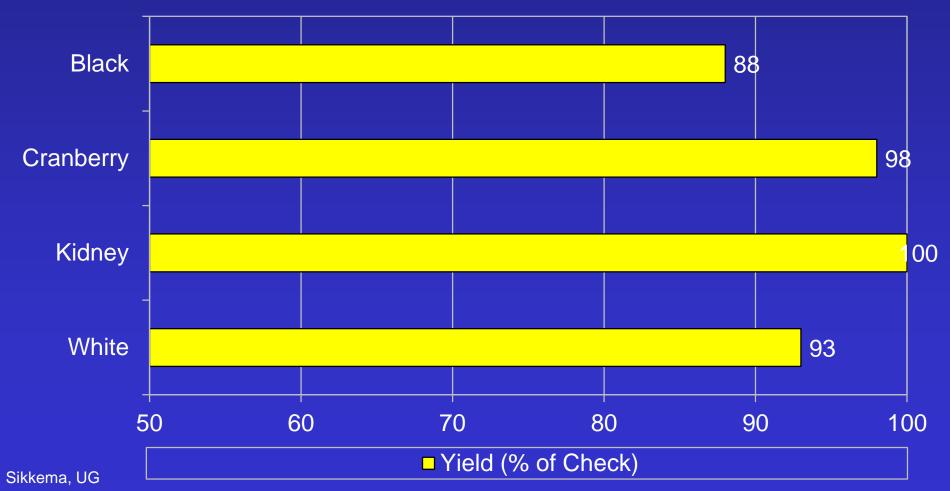
Increased potential for injury ...

- 1. On small seeded market classes
 - a. White & black beans
- 2. When applied PRE
 - a. PPI is safer
- 3. With Frontier compared to Dual
- 4. Under cold, wet conditions and the beans emerge slowly
- 5. When heavy rainfall occurs at bean emergence following a PRE application
- 6. If the beans have started to emerge
- 7. Coarse-textured soils low in organic matter
 - a. Use the lower rate on the label



Frontier Injury





Question # 1

There are 4 soil applied grass herbicides (Dual, Eptam, Frontier and Treflan). Which one should I use?





Treflan Frontier

Soil Applied Annual Grass Herbicides

Recommendation

- 1. I think <u>Treflan</u> should be considered first
 - a. Low cost
 - b. Safe
 - c. Excellent grass control
 - d. Broadleaf weed suppression

Soil Applied Annual Grass Herbicides

Recommendation

- 1. The other three herbicides have a place
 - a. Dual & Frontier
 - i. PPI or PRE (PPI is safer)
 - ii. Dual is safer than Frontier
 - iii. Improved nightshade and nutsedge control
 - iv. Can be used in reduced tillage systems PRE
 - b. Eptam
 - Costly, must be applied PPI
 - ii. More suppression of small seeded broadleaf weeds



Question # 2

Do you recommend the same soil applied annual grass herbicide on adzuki beans?

Adzuki Bean

Sikkema, UG

Control



Eptam on adzuki beans

Adzuki Beans

Question # 2

Do you recommend the same soil applied annual grass herbicide on adzuki beans?

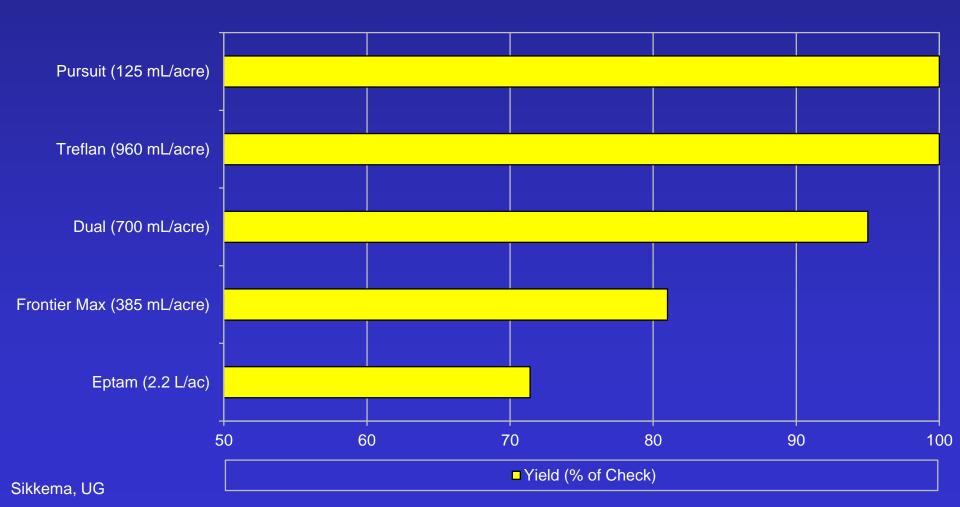
No

Treflan is the safest (followed by Dual)

There is the potential for injury with Frontier and Eptam

Adzuki Beans

PPI Herbicides – 6 studies



Adzuki Beans Preplant Incorporated



Control





Dual

Eptam

Question #3

Should I add Pursuit to my soil applied grass herbicide?

If yes, what rate should I use?



Pursuit (125 mL/ac)

- 1. Apply PPI or PRE
- 2. Fair crop tolerance
 - a. Registered on all market classes
 - b. Registered on adzuki beans
- 3. Tankmixes
 - a. Dual & Frontier
 - i. PPI & PRE all dry beans
 - b. Treflan
 - i. PPI white beans



Pursuit (125 mL/ac)

- Excellent broadleaf weed control
 - a. Inconsistent on common ragweed and lamb's-quarters
- 2. Good annual grass control
 - a. Poor control of tufted love and stink grass
- 3. No control of Group 2 resistant weeds
- 4. Excellent residual activity
 - a. 100 days to plant winter wheat
 - b. Severe re-cropping restrictions
- 5. Possibility for crop injury



Weed control in white bean with Pursuit

Disadvantages

- Narrow margin of crop safety
 - a. Red to purple veins on lower side of leaf
 - b. Yellow leaf margin
 - c. Crinkled leaves
 - d. Stunting
 - e. Delay in maturity
 - f. Reduced yield



Stunting of white beans due to Pursuit

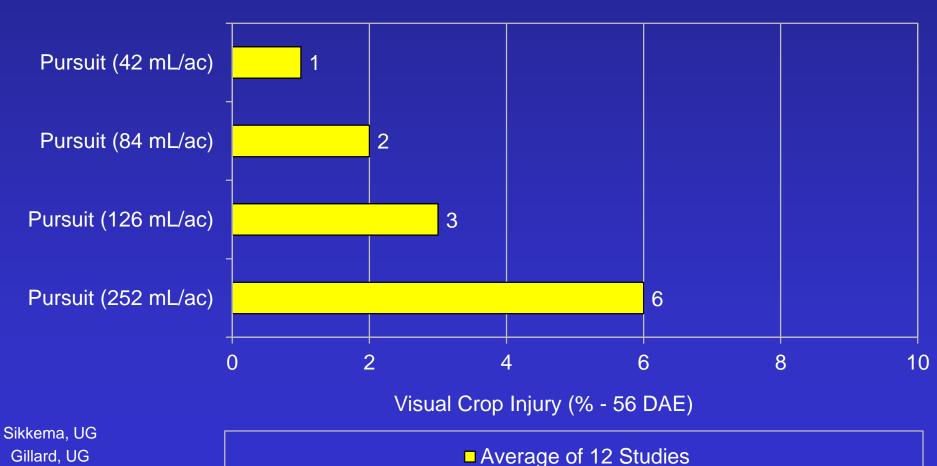
Increased potential for injury ...

- 1. Small seeded market classes of dry beans
 - a. Black, otebo, pinto, white
 - i. Adjust Pursuit rate depending on market class
 - 2. Cold, wet conditions
 - Coarse textured soils that are low in organic matter
 - 4. When the beans have begun to emerge



Pursuit injury in white beans applied at cracking

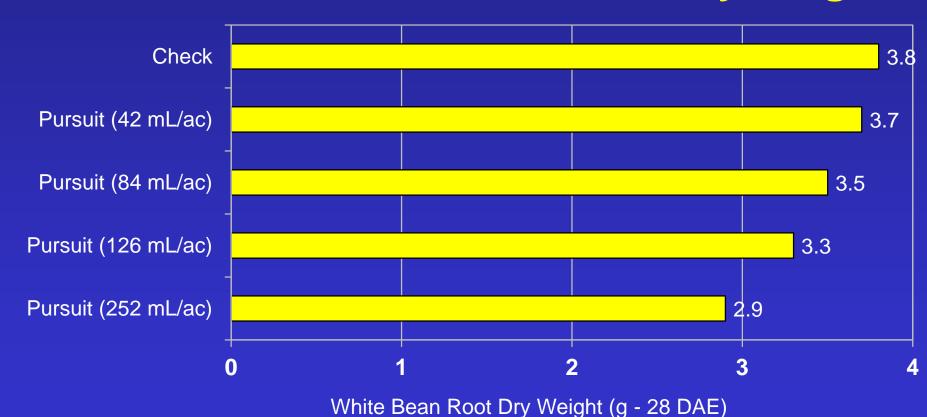
White Bean - Injury



Swanton, UG

Pursuit Rate

13% decrease in white bean root dry weight

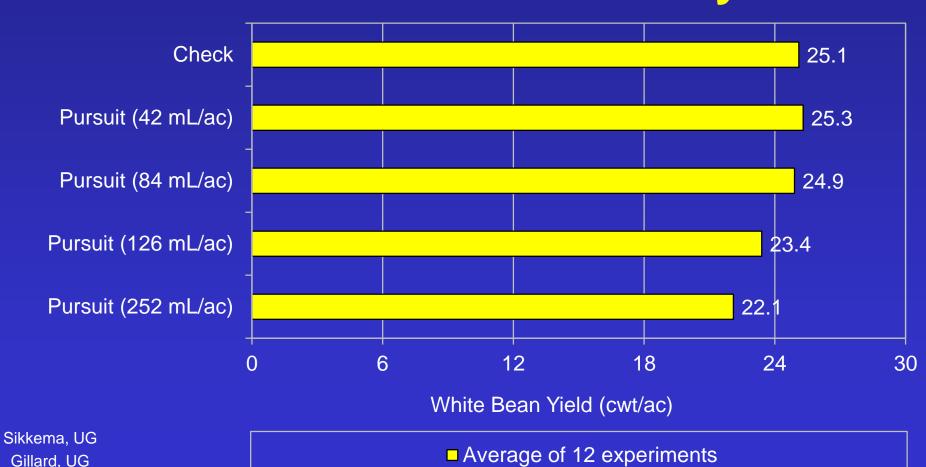


Sikkema, UG Gillard, UG Swanton, UG

■ Average of 12 studies

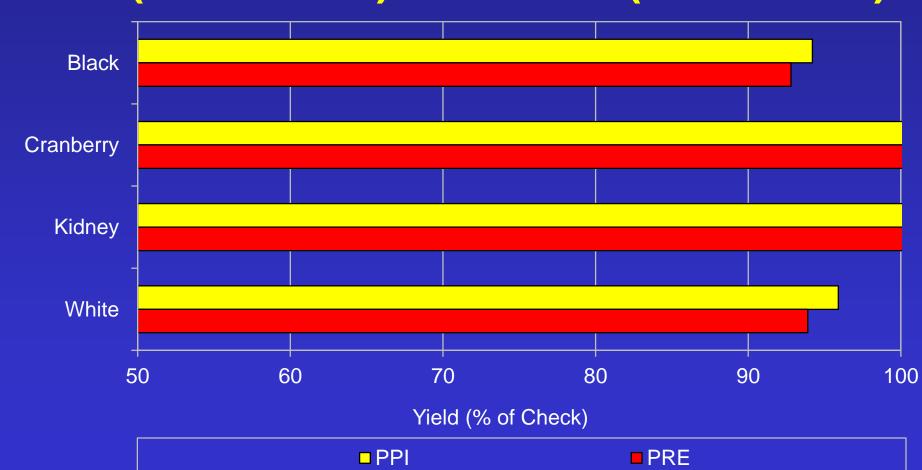
Pursuit Rate

7% decrease in white bean yield



Swanton, UG

Dual (700 mL/ac) + Pursuit (126 mL/ac)



Sikkema, UG

Question #3

Should I add Pursuit to my soil applied grass herbicide?

Yes



Pursuit (125 mL/ac)

Question #3

What rate should I apply?

Depends on the market class ...

Small seeded - 75 mL/ac

Large seeded - 100 mL/ac

Adzuki beans - 125 mL/ac



Pursuit (125 mL/ac)

Question # 4

My beans have emerged and I noticed that I have some grass weed escapes. What are my options?



Proso millet control with Poast

Annual Grass Control (Cost/Acre)

Treatment	Low Rate	High Rate
	\$/Acre	\$/Acre
Select	10	13
Poast Ultra	11	34
Assure II	12	23
Excel Super	15	15

Assure, Excel, Poast and Select

Grass Control

- Excellent control of emerged annual grasses
 - a. No residual activity
- 2. Application timing
 - a. 2-5 leaf stage and actively growing
- 3. Generally equivalent control of most grass species
 - a. Assure is better on
 - i. quack grass
 - ii. volunteer cereals and volunteer corn
 - iii. sandbur



Volunteer corn control with Assure

Assure, Excel, Poast and Select

Control is reduced ...

- When the grasses ...
 - a. Are past the five leaf stage
 - b. Have tillered
 - c. Emerge after application
- 2. During periods of drought
- 3. If rainfall occurs within 1 hour of application
- 4. If you forget to add the correct adjuvant



Proso millet control with Poast

Assure, Poast and Select

Adjuvants

<u>Herbicide</u>	<u>Adjuvant</u>
Assure	Sure-Mix
Poast	Merge
Select	Amigo



Select

Select + Amigo

Assure

Injury

- 1. Injury is due to the adjuvant, not the herbicide
- 2. White to yellowish flecking of the leaves
- 3. Occurs with high temperature and humidity
- 4. Crop usually recovers with no impact on yield





Assure Injury

Question # 4

My beans have emerged and I noticed that I have some grass weed escapes. What are my options?

Assure, Excel, Poast or Select



Proso millet control with Poast

Question # 5

My beans have emerged and I noticed that I have some broadleaf weed escapes.

Should I use Basagran or Reflex or tankmix the two?

Question #5

My beans have emerged and I noticed that I have some broadleaf weed escapes.

Should I use Basagran, Reflex or tankmix the two?

Answer

It depends on ...

- 1) Weed species present
- 2) Market class of beans

Postemergence Broadleaf Weed Control (Cost/Acre)

	Low Rate	High Rate
Treatment	\$/Acre	\$/Acre
Basagran Forte	20	26
Reflex	19	19
Basagran + Reflex	34	34

Basagran

Advantages

- POST control of <u>some</u> broadleaf weeds
- 2. Good crop tolerance
 - a. Rating of "G" in Guide
- 3. No recropping restrictions



Ragweed escapes with Basagran

Basagran Forte

Weed Control

Strengths	Weaknesses
Cocklebur?	Nightshade, Eastern black
Jimsonweed?	Pigweed species
Lamb's-quarters	Ragweed, common
Lady's thumb	Ragweed, giant
Mustard species	
Velvetleaf	
Yellow nutsedge Canada thistle	
Field bindweed	
Ticia billaweea	

Basagran

Disadvantages

- 1. Limited spectrum
- 2. Timing is critical
 - a. Large weeds may escape
- 3. Excellent coverage is essential
 - a. Use higher water carrier volume
- 4. No residual activity
 - a. Weeds emerging after application will not be controlled
- 5. Crop injury





Basagran Injury

Basagran

Crop Injury

- 1. Leaves show yellowing, bronzing, speckling or burn
- 2. Injury may occur if beans are under stress due to ...
 - a. Hot and humid conditions
 - b. Previous herbicide injury
 - c. Cold or dry weather
 - d. Hail
- 3. Injury is usually transient with no effect on yield
- 4. Do not use on adzuki beans





Basagran Injury

Basagran/Basagran Forte





NEVER apply
Basagran
to adzuki beans!

Reflex

Advantages

- Good to excellent control of <u>some</u> broadleaf weeds
 - a. Short residual activity
- 2. Fair crop tolerance
 - a. Rating of "F" in Guide



ALS resistant pigweed control with Reflex

Reflex

Weed Control

Strengths	Weaknesses
Buckwheat, wild	Cocklebur
Lady's thumb	Fleabane, Canada
Nightshade, Eastern black?	Lamb's-quarters
Pigweed species	Velvetleaf
Ragweed, common	
Ragweed, giant?	
Mustards	

Relfex

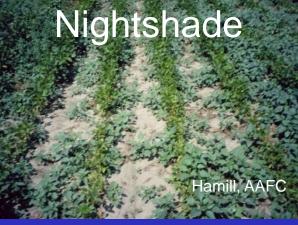
Disadvantages

- 1. Limited spectrum
- 2. Timing is critical
 - a. Large weeds may escape
- 3. Limited residual activity
- 4. Excellent coverage is essential
- 5. Crop injury











Reflex

Crop Injury

- 1. Injury symptoms
 - a. Speckling, bronzing, burn of the leaves
 - b. Slight leaf crinkling may occur
- 2. Causes of injury
 - a. Hot and humid conditions
 - The leaf cuticle becomes thinner and the plant will absorb more than a normal amount of herbicide
 - b. Addition of spray additives
 - c. Above label rates
 - i. Spray overlaps in the field
- 3. Injury is usually transient with no effect on yield





Reflex injury

Question # 5 – Basagran or Reflex?

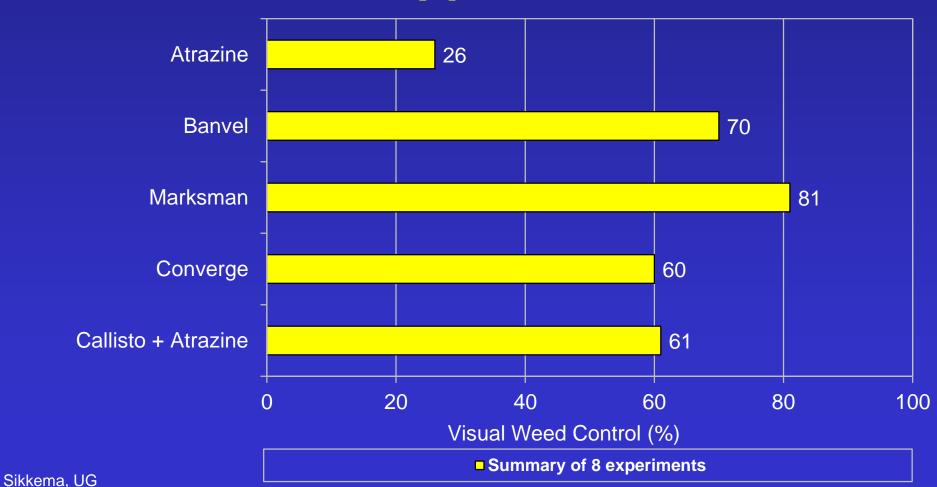
Basagran Forte Reflex Beggarticks, nodding Buckwheat, wild Cocklebur Lettuce, prickly Fleabane, Canada Mustard, wild Flower-of-an-hour Nightshade, Eastern black Lady's thumb Pigweed species Lamb's-quarters Ragweed, common Mustard, wild Ragweed, giant Velvetleaf Waterhemp Bindweed, field Horsetail, field Nutsedge, yellow Violet, field Thistle, Canada

Question # 6

I have heard the statement "Once an adzuki bean grower – always an adzuki bean grower". Is that true?



Corn - Soil Applied Herbicides



Volunteer Adzuki Beans – Corn PRE



Weedy Check



Banvel

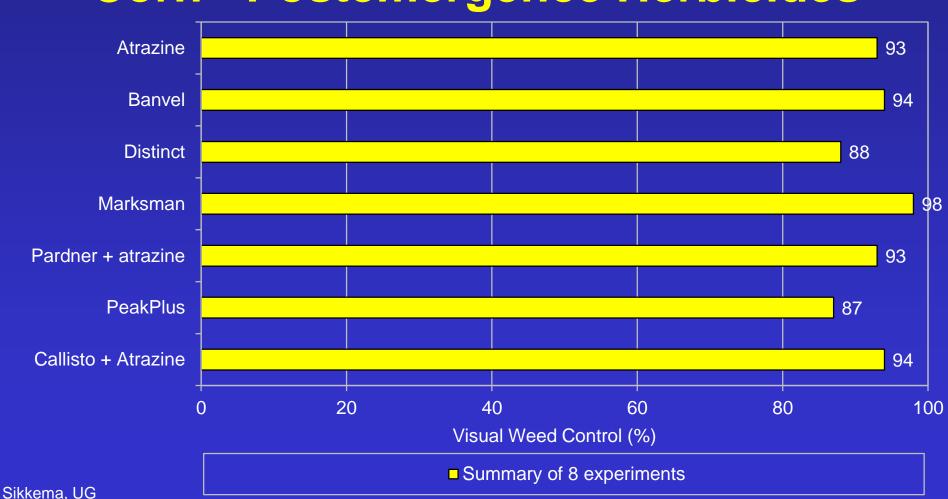


Atrazine



Marksman

Corn - Postemergence Herbicides



Volunteer Adzuki Beans – Corn POST



Weedy Check



Callisto + Atrazine

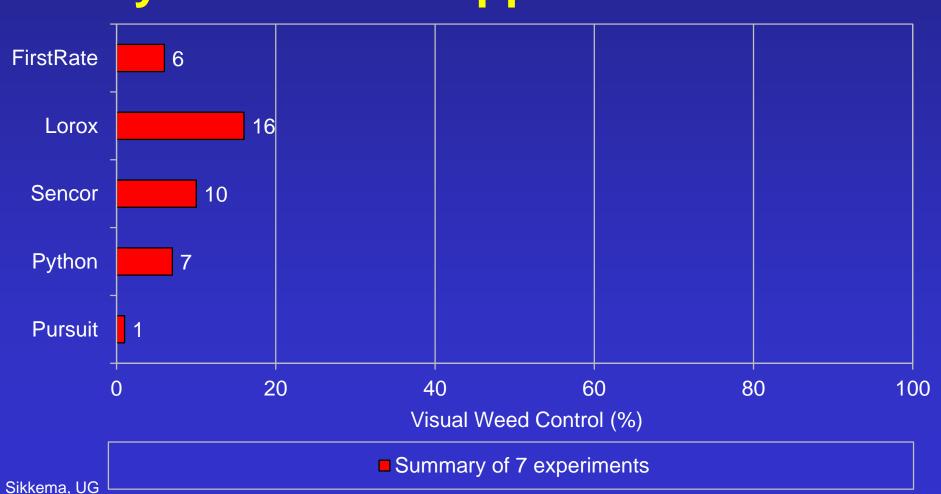


Atrazine

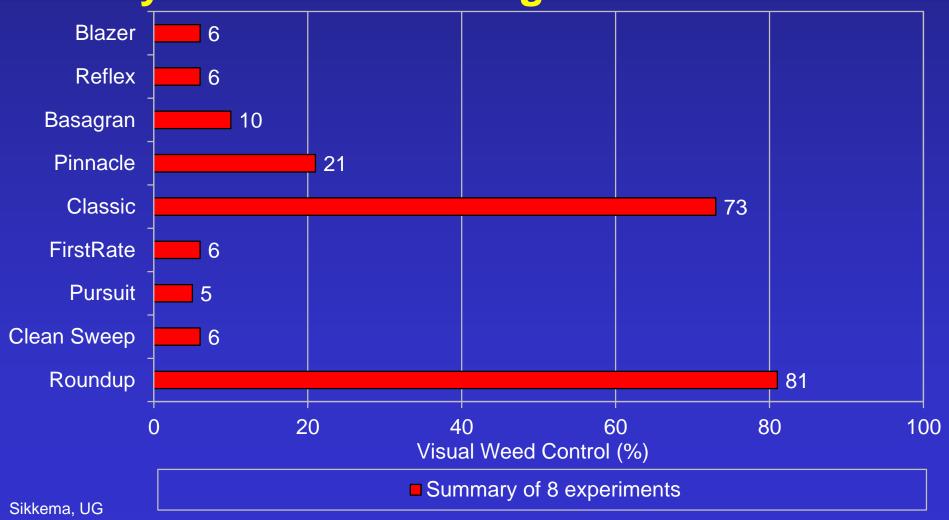


Marksman

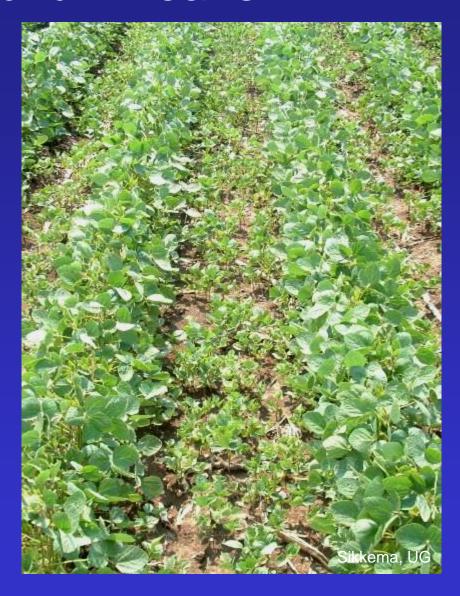
Soybeans - Soil Applied Herbicides











Classic Reflex

Question #6

I have heard the statement "Once an adzuki bean grower – always an adzuki bean grower". Is that true?

Answer

Adzuki beans do volunteer.

Marksman PRE provides good control in corn.

Most POST herbicides in corn have good activity.

Classic (IP soybean) and Roundup (Roundup Ready soybean) POST provide good control.

Summary

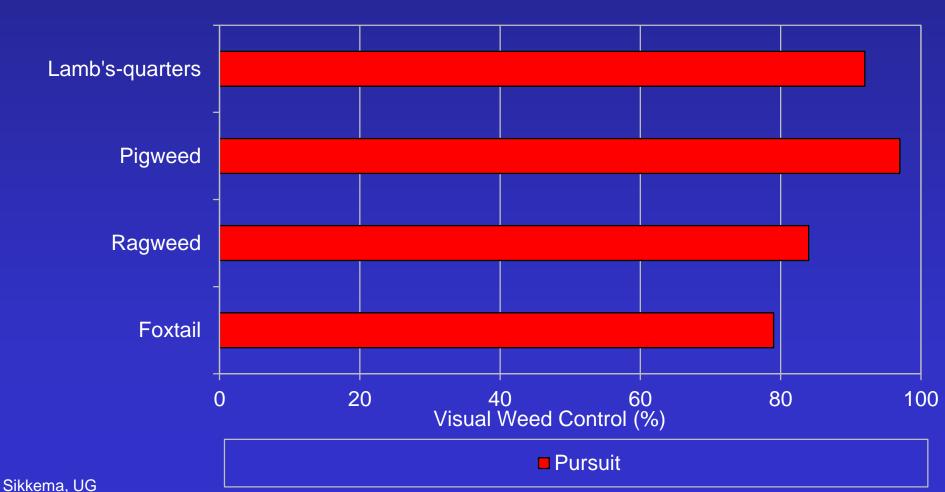
- Weed management in dry beans must be divided into at least three groups
 - a. adzuki beans
 - b. black, otebo, pinto and white beans
 - c. brown, cranberry, kidney and yellow eye beans
- 2. Start with a soil applied weed control program
- 3. Treflan (500 mL/ac) + Pursuit (75, 100 or 125 mL/ac) is a good foundation
 - a. Adjust the rate of Pursuit depending on market class



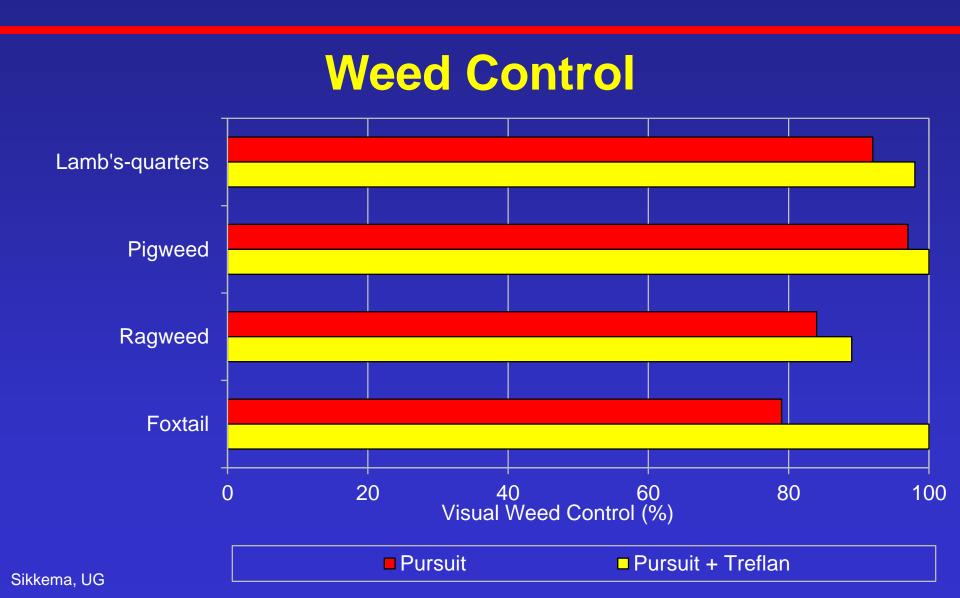
Pursuit + Treflan

Treflan (500 mL/ac) + Pursuit (75 mL/ac)





Treflan (500 mL/ac) + Pursuit (75 mL/ac)



Treflan (500 mL/ac) + Pursuit (PPI)



Summary

- 4. The other grass herbicides
 - a. Dual is safer than Frontier
 - b. Dual and Frontier are safer PPI than PRE
 - c. Eptam, Dual and Frontier should be used to address specific weeds
- 5. Control grass escapes with Assure, Excel, Poast or Select
- 6. Control broadleaf escapes with Basagran or Reflex
- 7. You may need to consider using cultivation

Adzuki Beans

PPI	Treflan (500 mL/ac) + Pursuit (125 mL/ac)
PRE	Pursuit (125 mL/ac)
POST	Assure (150 mL/ac) or Poast (130 mL/ac) Reflex (400 mL/ac)

Thank You

Todd Cowan & Christy Shropshire

Herbicide Manufacturers

Ontario Coloured Bean Growers' Association

Ontario White Bean Producers

Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada

Agricultural Adaptation Council



Peter H. Sikkema University of Guelph Ridgetown Campus